

# ESP32-C3-MINI-1

# ESP32-C3-MINI-1U

## Datasheet

Small-sized 2.4 GHz Wi-Fi (802.11 b/g/n) and Bluetooth® 5 module  
Built around ESP32-C3 series of SoCs, RISC-V single-core microprocessor  
4 MB flash in chip package  
15 GPIOs  
On-board PCB antenna or external antenna connector



ESP32-C3-MINI-1



ESP32-C3-MINI-1U



Version 1.1  
Espressif Systems  
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# 1 Module Overview

**Note:**

Check the link or the QR code to make sure that you use the latest version of this document:  
[https://www.espressif.com/documentation/esp32-c3-mini-1\\_datasheet\\_en.pdf](https://www.espressif.com/documentation/esp32-c3-mini-1_datasheet_en.pdf)



## 1.1 Features

### CPU and On-Chip Memory

- ESP32-C3FH4 or ESP32-C3FN4 embedded, 32-bit RISC-V single-core processor, up to 160 MHz
- 384 KB ROM
- 400 KB SRAM (16 KB for cache)
- 8 KB SRAM in RTC
- 4 MB embedded flash

### Wi-Fi

- IEEE 802.11 b/g/n-compliant
- Center frequency range of operating channel: 2412 ~ 2483.5 MHz
- Supports 20 MHz, 40 MHz bandwidth in 2.4 GHz band
- 1T1R mode with data rate up to 150 Mbps
- Wi-Fi Multimedia (WMM)
- TX/RX A-MPDU, TX/RX A-MSDU
- Immediate Block ACK
- Fragmentation and defragmentation
- Transmit opportunity (TXOP)
- Automatic Beacon monitoring (hardware TSF)
- 4 × virtual Wi-Fi interfaces
- Simultaneous support for Infrastructure BSS in Station mode, SoftAP mode, Station + SoftAP mode, and promiscuous mode

*Note that when ESP32-C3 series scans in Station mode, the SoftAP channel will change along with*

*the Station channel*

- 802.11mc FTM

### Bluetooth®

- Bluetooth LE: Bluetooth 5, Bluetooth mesh
- Speed: 125 Kbps, 500 Kbps, 1 Mbps, 2 Mbps
- Advertising extensions
- Multiple advertisement sets
- Channel selection algorithm #2
- Internal co-existence mechanism between Wi-Fi and Bluetooth to share the same antenna

### Peripherals

- GPIO, SPI, UART, I2C, I2S, remote control peripheral, LED PWM controller, general DMA controller, TWAI® controller (compatible with ISO 11898-1, i.e. CAN Specification 2.0), USB Serial/JTAG controller, temperature sensor, SAR ADC, general-purpose timers, watchdog timers

### Integrated Components on Module

- 40 MHz crystal oscillator

### Antenna Options

- On-board PCB antenna (ESP32-C3-MINI-1)
- External antenna via a connector (ESP32-C3-MINI-1U)

### Operating Conditions

- Operating voltage/Power supply: 3.0 ~ 3.6 V

- Operating ambient temperature:
  - 85 °C version module: –40 ~ 85 °C
  - 105 °C version module: –40 ~ 105 °C
- Green certification: RoHS/REACH

#### Test

- HTOL/HTSL/uHAST/TCT/ESD/Latch-up

#### Certification

- RF certification: See certificates for [ESP32-C3-MINI-1](#) and [ESP32-C3-MINI-1U](#)

## 1.2 Description

ESP32-C3-MINI-1 and ESP32-C3-MINI-1U are two general-purpose Wi-Fi and Bluetooth LE modules. The rich set of peripherals and a small size make the two modules an ideal choice for smart homes, industrial automation, health care, consumer electronics, etc.

The ordering information for the two modules is as follows:

**Table 1: Ordering Information**

Module	Ordering code <sup>1</sup>	Chip embedded	Ambient temp. (°C)	Module dimensions (mm)
ESP32-C3-MINI-1 (ANT)	ESP32-C3-MINI-1-N4	ESP32-C3FN4	–40 ~ 85	13.2 × 16.6 × 2.4
	ESP32-C3-MINI-1-H4	ESP32-C3FH4	–40 ~ 105	
ESP32-C3-MINI-1U (CONN)	ESP32-C3-MINI-1U-N4	ESP32-C3FN4	–40 ~ 85	13.2 × 12.5 × 2.4
	ESP32-C3-MINI-1U-H4	ESP32-C3FH4	–40 ~ 105	

<sup>1</sup> All modules can be pre-programmed with [AWS IoT ExpressLink](#) firmware. Modules with such firmware have suffix "-A" in their ordering codes, e.g. ESP32-C3-MINI-1-N4-A.

ESP32-C3-MINI-1 comes with a PCB antenna. ESP32-C3-MINI-1U comes with a connector for an external antenna. ESP32-C3-MINI-1 and ESP32-C3-MINI-1U have two variants:

- 85 °C version integrating the ESP32-C3FN4 chip and operating at –40 ~ 85 °C
- 105 °C version integrating the ESP32-C3FH4 chip and operating at –40 ~ 105 °C

The two variants only differ in chip integrated and ambient operating temperature. In this datasheet unless otherwise stated, ESP32-C3-MINI-1 refers to both ESP32-C3-MINI-1-N4 and ESP32-C3-MINI-1-H4, whereas ESP32-C3-MINI-1U refers to both ESP32-C3-MINI-1U-N4 and ESP32-C3-MINI-1U-H4.

The ESP32-C3FN4 chip and the ESP32-C3FH4 chip, both with a 4 MB flash, fall into the same category, namely ESP32-C3 chip series. ESP32-C3 series of chips have a 32-bit RISC-V single-core processor. They integrate a rich set of peripherals, ranging from UART, I2C, I2S, remote control peripheral, LED PWM controller, general DMA controller, TWAI® controller, USB Serial/JTAG controller, temperature sensor, and ADC. It also includes SPI, Dual SPI and Quad SPI interfaces.

The ESP32-C3FN4 chip and the ESP32-C3FH4 chip vary only in the ambient temperature. For details, please refer to *Chip Series Comparison* in [ESP32-C3 Series Datasheet](#).

## 1.3 Applications

- Smart Home
  - Light control
  - Smart button
  - Smart plug
  - Indoor positioning
- Industrial Automation
  - Industrial robot
  - Mesh network
  - Human machine interface (HMI)
  - Industrial field bus
- Health Care
  - Health monitor
  - Baby monitor
- Consumer Electronics
  - Smart watch and bracelet
  - Over-the-top (OTT) devices
  - Wi-Fi speaker
  - Logger toys and proximity sensing toys
- Smart Agriculture
  - Smart greenhouse
  - Smart irrigation
  - Agriculture robot
- Retail and Catering
  - POS machines
  - Service robot
- Audio Device
  - Internet music players
  - Live streaming devices
  - Internet radio players
- Generic Low-power IoT Sensor Hubs
- Generic Low-power IoT Data Loggers

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## 2 Block Diagram

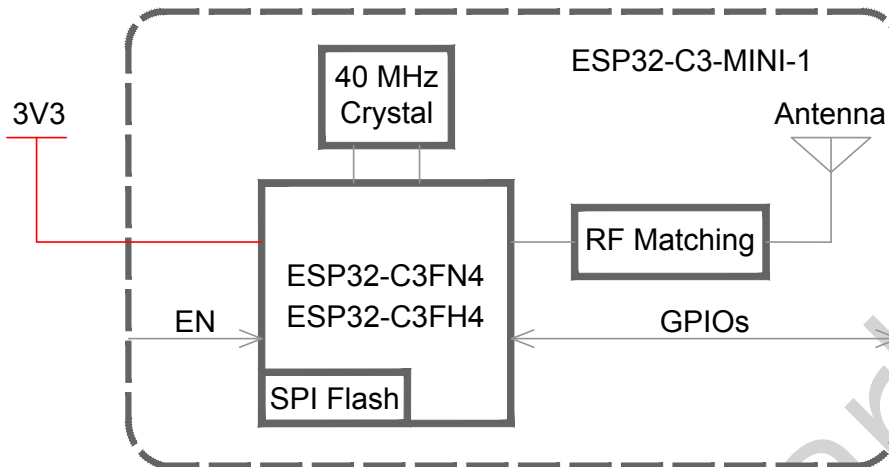


Figure 1: ESP32-C3-MINI-1 Block Diagram

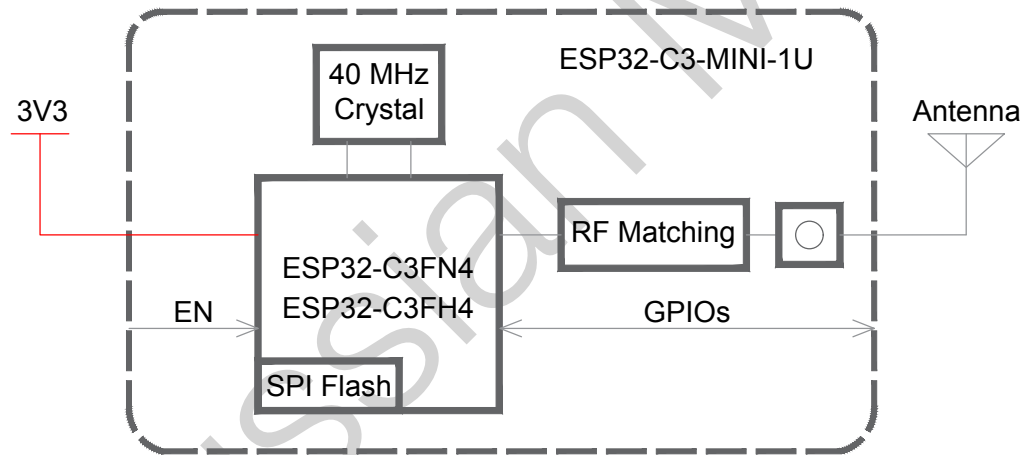


Figure 2: ESP32-C3-MINI-1U Block Diagram



### 3 Pin Definitions

#### 3.1 Pin Layout

The pin diagram below shows the approximate location of pins on the module. For the actual diagram drawn to scale, please refer to Figure 7.1 *Physical Dimensions*.

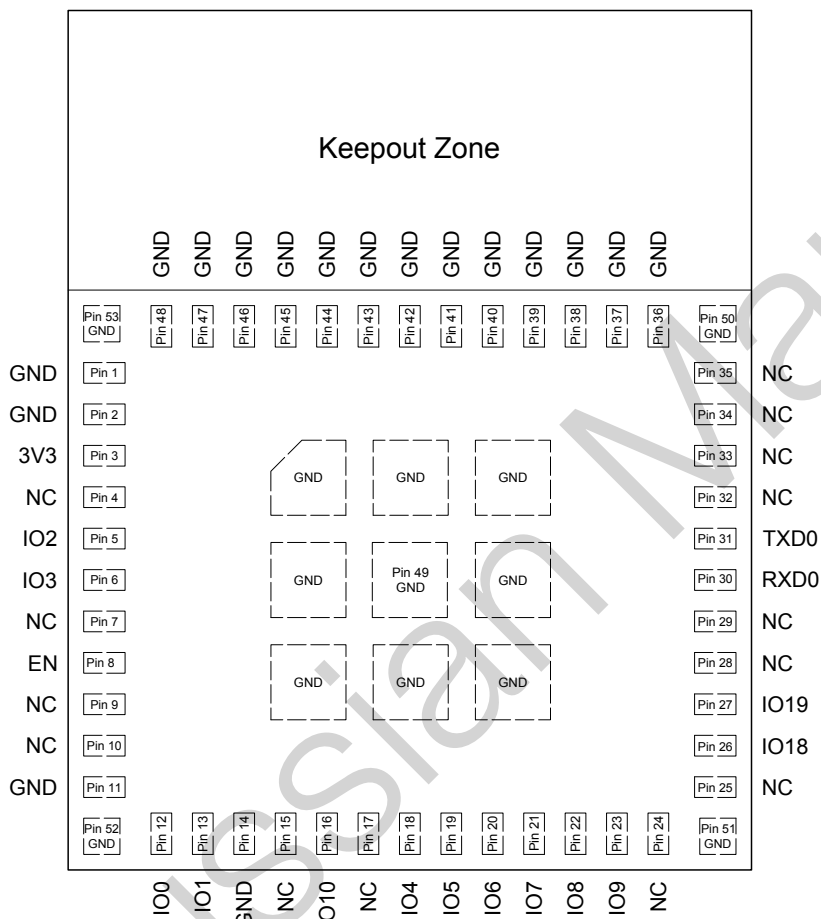


Figure 3: Pin Layout (Top View)

#### 3.2 Pin Description

The module has 53 pins. See pin definitions in Table 2.

For peripheral pin configurations, please refer to [ESP32-C3 Series Datasheet](#).

Table 2: Pin Definitions

Name	No.	Type <sup>1</sup>	Function
GND	1, 2, 11, 14, 36-53	P	Ground
3V3	3	P	Power supply

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Table 2 – cont'd from previous page

Name	No.	Type <sup>1</sup>	Function
NC	4, 7, 9, 10, 15, 17, 24, 25, 28, 29, 32-35	—	NC
IO2	5	I/O/T	GPIO2, ADC1_CH2, FSPIQ
IO3	6	I/O/T	GPIO3, ADC1_CH3
EN	8	I	High: on, enables the chip. Low: off, the chip powers off. Note: Do not leave the EN pin floating.
IO0	12	I/O/T	GPIO0, ADC1_CH0, XTAL_32K_P
IO1	13	I/O/T	GPIO1, ADC1_CH1, XTAL_32K_N
IO10	16	I/O/T	GPIO10, FSPICS0
IO4	18	I/O/T	GPIO4, ADC1_CH4, FSPIHD, MTMS
IO5	19	I/O/T	GPIO5, ADC2_CH0, FSPIWP, MTDI
IO6	20	I/O/T	GPIO6, FSPICLK, MTCK
IO7	21	I/O/T	GPIO7, FSPID, MTDO
IO8	22	I/O/T	GPIO8
IO9	23	I/O/T	GPIO9
IO18	26	I/O/T	GPIO18, USB_D-
IO19	27	I/O/T	GPIO19, USB_D+
RXD0	30	I/O/T	GPIO20, U0RXD
TXD0	31	I/O/T	GPIO21, U0TXD

<sup>1</sup> P: power supply; I: input; O: output; T: high impedance.

### 3.3 Strapping Pins

**Note:**

The content below is excerpted from Section Strapping Pins in [ESP32-C3 Series Datasheet](#). For the strapping pin mapping between the chip and modules, please refer to Chapter 5 [Module Schematics](#).

ESP32-C3 family has three strapping pins:

- GPIO2
- GPIO8
- GPIO9

Software can read the values of GPIO2, GPIO8 and GPIO9 from GPIO\_STRAPPING field in GPIO\_STRAP\_REG register. For register description, please refer to Section GPIO Matrix Register Summary in [ESP32-C3 Technical Reference Manual](#).

During the chip's system reset, the latches of the strapping pins sample the voltage level as strapping bits of "0" or "1", and hold these bits until the chip is powered down or shut down.

Types of system reset include:

- power-on reset
- RTC watchdog reset
- brownout reset
- analog super watchdog reset
- crystal clock glitch detection reset

By default, GPIO9 is connected to the internal pull-up resistor. If GPIO9 is not connected or connected to an external high-impedance circuit, the latched bit value will be "1"

To change the strapping bit values, you can apply the external pull-down/pull-up resistances, or use the host MCU's GPIOs to control the voltage level of these pins when powering on ESP32-C3 family.

After reset, the strapping pins work as normal-function pins.

Table 3 lists detailed booting configurations of the strapping pins.

**Table 3: Strapping Pins**

Booting Mode <sup>1</sup>			
Pin	Default	SPI Boot	Download Boot
GPIO2	N/A	1	1
GPIO8	N/A	Don't care	1
GPIO9	Internal pull-up	1	0
Enabling/Disabling ROM Code Print During Booting			
Pin	Default	Functionality	
GPIO8	N/A	When the value of eFuse field EFUSE_UART_PRINT_CONTROL is 0 (default), print is enabled and not controlled by GPIO8. 1, if GPIO8 is 0, print is enabled; if GPIO8 is 1, it is disabled. 2, if GPIO8 is 0, print is disabled; if GPIO8 is 1, it is enabled. 3, print is disabled and not controlled by GPIO8.	

<sup>1</sup> The strapping combination of GPIO8 = 0 and GPIO9 = 0 is invalid and will trigger unexpected behavior.

Figure 4 shows the setup and hold times for the strapping pins before and after the CHIP\_EN signal goes high. Details about the parameters are listed in Table 4.

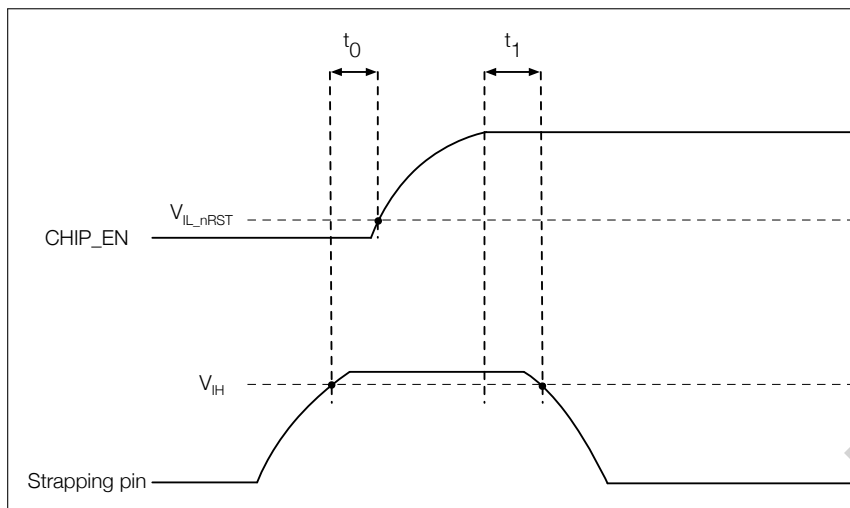


Figure 4: Setup and Hold Times for the Strapping Pins

Table 4: Parameter Descriptions of Setup and Hold Times for the Strapping Pins

Parameter	Description	Min (ms)
$t_0$	Setup time before CHIP_EN goes from low to high	0
$t_1$	Hold time after CHIP_EN goes high	3

## 4 Electrical Characteristics

### 4.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses above those listed in *Absolute Maximum Ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *Recommended Operating Conditions* is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

**Table 5: Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
VDD33	Power supply voltage	-0.3	3.6	V
T <sub>STORE</sub>	Storage temperature	-40	105	°C

### 4.2 Recommended Operating Conditions

**Table 6: Recommended Operating Conditions**

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
VDD33	Power supply voltage	3.0	3.3	3.6	V
I <sub>VDD</sub>	Current delivered by external power supply	0.5	—	—	A
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating ambient temperature	85 °C version 105 °C version	-40	— 85 105	°C

### 4.3 DC Characteristics (3.3 V, 25 °C)

**Table 7: DC Characteristics (3.3 V, 25 °C)**

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
C <sub>IN</sub>	Pin capacitance	—	2	—	pF
V <sub>IH</sub>	High-level input voltage	0.75 × VDD <sup>1</sup>	—	VDD <sup>1</sup> + 0.3	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	Low-level input voltage	-0.3	—	0.25 × VDD <sup>1</sup>	V
I <sub>IH</sub>	High-level input current	—	—	50	nA
I <sub>IL</sub>	Low-level input current	—	—	50	nA
V <sub>OH</sub> <sup>2</sup>	High-level output voltage	0.8 × VDD <sup>1</sup>	—	—	V
V <sub>OL</sub> <sup>2</sup>	Low-level output voltage	—	—	0.1 × VDD <sup>1</sup>	V
I <sub>OH</sub>	High-level source current (VDD <sup>1</sup> = 3.3 V, V <sub>OH</sub> ≥ 2.64 V, PAD_DRIVER = 3)	—	40	—	mA
I <sub>OL</sub>	Low-level sink current (VDD <sup>1</sup> = 3.3 V, V <sub>OL</sub> = 0.495 V, PAD_DRIVER = 3)	—	28	—	mA
R <sub>PU</sub>	Pull-up resistor	—	45	—	kΩ
R <sub>PD</sub>	Pull-down resistor	—	45	—	kΩ
V <sub>IH_nRST</sub>	Chip reset release voltage	0.75 × VDD <sup>1</sup>	—	VDD <sup>1</sup> + 0.3	V

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Table 7 – cont'd from previous page

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$V_{IL\_nRST}$	Chip reset voltage	-0.3	—	$0.25 \times VDD^1$	V

<sup>1</sup> VDD is the I/O voltage for a particular power domain of pins.

<sup>2</sup>  $V_{OH}$  and  $V_{OL}$  are measured using high-impedance load.

## 4.4 Current Consumption Characteristics

With the use of advanced power-management technologies, the module can switch between different power modes. For details on different power modes, please refer to Section *Low Power Management* in [ESP32-C3 Series Datasheet](#).

Table 8: Current Consumption Depending on RF Modes

Work mode	Description		Peak (mA)
Active (RF working)	TX	802.11b, 1 Mbps, @20.5 dBm	350
		802.11g, 54 Mbps, @18 dBm	295
		802.11n, HT20, MCS7, @17.5 dBm	290
		802.11n, HT40, MCS7, @17 dBm	290
	RX	802.11b/g/n, HT20	82
		802.11n, HT40	84

<sup>1</sup> The current consumption measurements are taken with a 3.3 V supply at 25 °C of ambient temperature at the RF port. All transmitters' measurements are based on a 100% duty cycle.

<sup>2</sup> The current consumption figures for in-RX mode are for cases when the peripherals are disabled and the CPU idle.

Table 9: Current Consumption Depending on Work Modes

Work mode	Description		Typ	Unit
Modem-sleep <sup>1, 2</sup>	The CPU is powered on <sup>3</sup>	160 MHz	20	mA
		80 MHz	15	mA
Light-sleep	—		130	$\mu$ A
Deep-sleep	RTC timer + RTC memory		5	$\mu$ A
Power off	CHIP_EN is set to low level, the chip is powered off		1	$\mu$ A

<sup>1</sup> The current consumption figures in Modem-sleep mode are for cases where the CPU is powered on and the cache idle.

<sup>2</sup> When Wi-Fi is enabled, the chip may switch between Active and Modem-sleep modes. Therefore, current consumption changes accordingly.

<sup>3</sup> In practice, software can adjust CPU's frequency according to CPU load to reduce current consumption.

## 4.5 Wi-Fi Radio

### 4.5.1 Wi-Fi RF Standards

Table 10: Wi-Fi RF Standards

Name		Description
Center frequency range of operating channel <sup>1</sup>		2412 ~ 2483.5 MHz
Wi-Fi wireless standard		IEEE 802.11b/g/n
Data rate	20 MHz	11b: 1, 2, 5.5 and 11 Mbps 11g: 6, 9, 12, 18, 24, 36, 48, 54 Mbps 11n: MCS0-7, 72.2 Mbps (Max)
	40 MHz	11n: MCS0-7, 150 Mbps (Max)
Antenna type		PCB antenna and external antenna connector

<sup>1</sup> Device should operate in the center frequency range allocated by regional regulatory authorities. Target center frequency range is configurable by software.

<sup>2</sup> For the modules that use external antenna connectors, the output impedance is 50 Ω. For other modules without external antenna connectors, the output impedance is irrelevant.

### 4.5.2 Wi-Fi RF Transmitter (TX) Specifications

Target TX power is configurable based on device or certification requirements. The default characteristics are provided in Table 11.

Table 11: TX Power with Spectral Mask and EVM Meeting 802.11 Standards

Rate	Min (dBm)	Typ (dBm)	Max (dBm)
802.11b, 1 Mbps	—	20.5	—
802.11b, 11 Mbps	—	20.5	—
802.11g, 6 Mbps	—	20.0	—
802.11g, 54 Mbps	—	18.0	—
802.11n, HT20, MCS0	—	19.0	—
802.11n, HT20, MCS7	—	17.5	—
802.11n, HT40, MCS0	—	18.5	—
802.11n, HT40, MCS7	—	17.0	—

Table 12: TX EVM Test

Rate	Min (dB)	Typ (dB)	SL <sup>1</sup> (dB)
802.11b, 1 Mbps, @20.5 dBm	—	-24.5	-10
802.11b, 11 Mbps, @20.5 dBm	—	-25.0	-10
802.11g, 6 Mbps, @20 dBm	—	-23.0	-5
802.11g, 54 Mbps, @18 dBm	—	-28.0	-25
802.11n, HT20, MCS0, @19 dBm	—	-23.5	-5

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Table 12 – cont'd from previous page

Rate	Min (dB)	Typ (dB)	SL <sup>1</sup> (dB)
802.11n, HT20, MCS7, @17.5 dBm	—	-30.5	-27
802.11n, HT40, MCS0, @18.5 dBm	—	-26.5	-5
802.11n, HT40, MCS7, @17 dBm	—	-30.5	-27

<sup>1</sup> SL stands for standard limit value.

### 4.5.3 Wi-Fi RF Receiver (RX) Specifications

Table 13: RX Sensitivity

Rate	Min (dBm)	Typ (dBm)	Max (dBm)
802.11b, 1 Mbps	—	-98.0	—
802.11b, 2 Mbps	—	-96.0	—
802.11b, 5.5 Mbps	—	-93.0	—
802.11b, 11 Mbps	—	-88.6	—
802.11g, 6 Mbps	—	-92.8	—
802.11g, 9 Mbps	—	-91.8	—
802.11g, 12 Mbps	—	-90.8	—
802.11g, 18 Mbps	—	-88.4	—
802.11g, 24 Mbps	—	-85.4	—
802.11g, 36 Mbps	—	-82.0	—
802.11g, 48 Mbps	—	-77.8	—
802.11g, 54 Mbps	—	-76.2	—
802.11n, HT20, MCS0	—	-92.6	—
802.11n, HT20, MCS1	—	-90.6	—
802.11n, HT20, MCS2	—	-88.0	—
802.11n, HT20, MCS3	—	-84.8	—
802.11n, HT20, MCS4	—	-81.6	—
802.11n, HT20, MCS5	—	-77.4	—
802.11n, HT20, MCS6	—	-75.6	—
802.11n, HT20, MCS7	—	-74.4	—
802.11n, HT40, MCS0	—	-90.0	—
802.11n, HT40, MCS1	—	-87.6	—
802.11n, HT40, MCS2	—	-84.8	—
802.11n, HT40, MCS3	—	-81.8	—
802.11n, HT40, MCS4	—	-78.4	—
802.11n, HT40, MCS5	—	-74.2	—
802.11n, HT40, MCS6	—	-72.6	—
802.11n, HT40, MCS7	—	-71.2	—



Table 14: Maximum RX Level

Rate	Min (dBm)	Typ (dBm)	Max (dBm)
802.11b, 1 Mbps	—	5	—
802.11b, 11 Mbps	—	5	—
802.11g, 6 Mbps	—	5	—
802.11g, 54 Mbps	—	0	—
802.11n, HT20, MCS0	—	5	—
802.11n, HT20, MCS7	—	0	—
802.11n, HT40, MCS0	—	5	—
802.11n, HT40, MCS7	—	0	—

Table 15: RX Adjacent Channel Rejection

Rate	Min (dB)	Typ (dB)	Max (dB)
802.11b, 1 Mbps	—	35	—
802.11b, 11 Mbps	—	35	—
802.11g, 6 Mbps	—	31	—
802.11g, 54 Mbps	—	14	—
802.11n, HT20, MCS0	—	31	—
802.11n, HT20, MCS7	—	13	—
802.11n, HT40, MCS0	—	19	—
802.11n, HT40, MCS7	—	8	—

## 4.6 Bluetooth LE Radio

### 4.6.1 Bluetooth LE RF Transmitter (TX) Specifications

Table 16: Transmitter General Characteristics

Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
RF transmit power	—	0	—	dBm
Gain control step	—	3	—	dB
RF power control range	-27	—	18	dBm

Table 17: Transmitter Characteristics - Bluetooth LE 1 Mbps

Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
In-band emissions	$F = F_0 \pm 2 \text{ MHz}$	—	-37.62	—	dBm
	$F = F_0 \pm 3 \text{ MHz}$	—	-41.95	—	dBm
	$F = F_0 \pm > 3 \text{ MHz}$	—	-44.48	—	dBm
Modulation characteristics	$\Delta f_{1\text{avg}}$	—	245.00	—	kHz
	$\Delta f_{2\text{max}}$	—	208.00	—	kHz
	$\Delta f_{2\text{avg}}/\Delta f_{1\text{avg}}$	—	0.93	—	—
Carrier frequency offset	—	—	-9.00	—	kHz
Carrier frequency drift	$ f_0 - f_n _{n=2, 3, 4, \dots, k}$	—	1.17	—	kHz
	$ f_1 - f_0 $	—	0.30	—	kHz
	$ f_n - f_{n-5} _{n=6, 7, 8, \dots, k}$	—	4.90	—	kHz

Table 18: Transmitter Characteristics - Bluetooth LE 2 Mbps

Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
In-band emissions	$F = F_0 \pm 4 \text{ MHz}$	—	-43.55	—	dBm
	$F = F_0 \pm 5 \text{ MHz}$	—	-45.26	—	dBm
	$F = F_0 \pm > 5 \text{ MHz}$	—	-47.00	—	dBm
Modulation characteristics	$\Delta f_{1\text{avg}}$	—	497.00	—	kHz
	$\Delta f_{2\text{max}}$	—	398.00	—	kHz
	$\Delta f_{2\text{avg}}/\Delta f_{1\text{avg}}$	—	0.95	—	—
Carrier frequency offset	—	—	-9.00	—	kHz
Carrier frequency drift	$ f_0 - f_n _{n=2, 3, 4, \dots, k}$	—	0.46	—	kHz
	$ f_1 - f_0 $	—	0.70	—	kHz
	$ f_n - f_{n-5} _{n=6, 7, 8, \dots, k}$	—	6.80	—	kHz

Table 19: Transmitter Characteristics - Bluetooth LE 125 Kbps

Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
In-band emissions	$F = F_0 \pm 2 \text{ MHz}$	—	-37.90	—	dBm
	$F = F_0 \pm 3 \text{ MHz}$	—	-41.00	—	dBm
	$F = F_0 \pm > 3 \text{ MHz}$	—	-42.50	—	dBm
Modulation characteristics	$\Delta f_{1\text{avg}}$	—	252.00	—	kHz
	$\Delta f_{1\text{max}}$	—	200.00	—	kHz
Carrier frequency offset	—	—	-13.70	—	kHz
Carrier frequency drift	$ f_0 - f_n _{n=1, 2, 3, \dots, k}$	—	1.52	—	kHz
	$ f_0 - f_3 $	—	0.65	—	kHz
	$ f_n - f_{n-3} _{n=7, 8, 9, \dots, k}$	—	0.70	—	kHz

Table 20: Transmitter Characteristics - Bluetooth LE 500 Kbps

Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
In-band emissions	$F = F_0 \pm 2 \text{ MHz}$	—	-37.90	—	dBm
	$F = F_0 \pm 3 \text{ MHz}$	—	-41.30	—	dBm
	$F = F_0 \pm > 3 \text{ MHz}$	—	-42.80	—	dBm
Modulation characteristics	$\Delta f_{2\text{avg}}$	—	220.00	—	kHz
	$\Delta f_{2\text{max}}$	—	205.00	—	kHz
Carrier frequency offset	—	—	-11.90	—	kHz
Carrier frequency drift	$ f_0 - f_n _{n=1, 2, 3, \dots, k}$	—	1.37	—	kHz
	$ f_0 - f_3 $	—	1.09	—	kHz
	$ f_n - f_{n-3} _{n=7, 8, 9, \dots, k}$	—	0.51	—	kHz

#### 4.6.2 Bluetooth LE RF Receiver (RX) Specifications

Table 21: Receiver Characteristics - Bluetooth LE 1 Mbps

Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Sensitivity @30.8% PER	—	—	-96	—	dBm
Maximum received signal @30.8% PER	—	—	10	—	dBm
Co-channel C/I	—	—	8	—	dB
Adjacent channel selectivity C/I	$F = F_0 + 1 \text{ MHz}$	—	-4	—	dB
	$F = F_0 - 1 \text{ MHz}$	—	-3	—	dB
	$F = F_0 + 2 \text{ MHz}$	—	-32	—	dB
	$F = F_0 - 2 \text{ MHz}$	—	-36	—	dB
	$F \geq F_0 + 3 \text{ MHz}^{(1)}$	—	—	—	dB
	$F \leq F_0 - 3 \text{ MHz}$	—	-39	—	dB
Image frequency	—	—	-29	—	dB
Adjacent channel to image frequency	$F = F_{\text{image}} + 1 \text{ MHz}$	—	-38	—	dB
	$F = F_{\text{image}} - 1 \text{ MHz}$	—	-34	—	dB
Out-of-band blocking performance	30 MHz ~ 2000 MHz	—	-9	—	dBm
	2003 MHz ~ 2399 MHz	—	-18	—	dBm
	2484 MHz ~ 2997 MHz	—	-16	—	dBm
	3000 MHz ~ 12.75 GHz	—	-6	—	dBm
Intermodulation	—	—	-44	—	dBm

<sup>1</sup> Refer to the value of Adjacent channel to image frequency when  $F = F_{\text{image}} - 1 \text{ MHz}$ .

Table 22: Receiver Characteristics - Bluetooth LE 2 Mbps

Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Sensitivity @30.8% PER	—	—	-93	—	dBm
Maximum received signal @30.8% PER	—	—	0	—	dBm
Co-channel C/I	—	—	10	—	dB
Adjacent channel selectivity C/I	$F = F_0 + 2 \text{ MHz}$	—	-7	—	dB
	$F = F_0 - 2 \text{ MHz}$	—	-7	—	dB
	$F = F_0 + 4 \text{ MHz}^{(1)}$	—	—	—	dB
	$F = F_0 - 4 \text{ MHz}$	—	-34	—	dB
	$F \geq F_0 + 6 \text{ MHz}$	—	-39	—	dB
	$F \leq F_0 - 6 \text{ MHz}$	—	-39	—	dB
Image frequency	—	—	-27	—	dB
Adjacent channel to image frequency	$F = F_{image} + 2 \text{ MHz}$	—	-39	—	dB
	$F = F_{image} - 2 \text{ MHz}^{(2)}$	—	—	—	dB
Out-of-band blocking performance	30 MHz ~ 2000 MHz	—	-17	—	dBm
	2003 MHz ~ 2399 MHz	—	-19	—	dBm
	2484 MHz ~ 2997 MHz	—	-16	—	dBm
	3000 MHz ~ 12.75 GHz	—	-22	—	dBm
Intermodulation	—	—	-40	—	dBm

<sup>1</sup> Refer to the value of Image frequency.

<sup>2</sup> Refer to the value of Adjacent channel selectivity C/I when  $F = F_0 + 2 \text{ MHz}$ .

Table 23: Receiver Characteristics - Bluetooth LE 125 Kbps

Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Sensitivity @30.8% PER	—	—	-104	—	dBm
Maximum received signal @30.8% PER	—	—	10	—	dBm
Co-channel C/I	—	—	2	—	dB
Adjacent channel selectivity C/I	$F = F_0 + 1 \text{ MHz}$	—	-6	—	dB
	$F = F_0 - 1 \text{ MHz}$	—	-5	—	dB
	$F = F_0 + 2 \text{ MHz}$	—	-40	—	dB
	$F = F_0 - 2 \text{ MHz}$	—	-42	—	dB
	$F \geq F_0 + 3 \text{ MHz}^{(1)}$	—	—	—	dB
	$F \leq F_0 - 3 \text{ MHz}$	—	-46	—	dB
Image frequency	—	—	-34	—	dB
Adjacent channel to image frequency	$F = F_{image} + 1 \text{ MHz}$	—	-44	—	dB
	$F = F_{image} - 1 \text{ MHz}$	—	-37	—	dB

<sup>1</sup> Refer to the value of Adjacent channel to image frequency when  $F = F_{image} - 1 \text{ MHz}$ .

Table 24: Receiver Characteristics - Bluetooth LE 500 Kbps

Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Sensitivity @30.8% PER	—	—	-99	—	dBm

Cont'd on next page

Table 24 – cont'd from previous page

Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Maximum received signal @30.8% PER	—	—	10	—	dBm
Co-channel C/I	—	—	3	—	dB
Adjacent channel selectivity C/I	$F = F_0 + 1 \text{ MHz}$	—	-5	—	dB
	$F = F_0 - 1 \text{ MHz}$	—	-7	—	dB
	$F = F_0 + 2 \text{ MHz}$	—	-39	—	dB
	$F = F_0 - 2 \text{ MHz}$	—	-40	—	dB
	$F \geq F_0 + 3 \text{ MHz}^{(1)}$	—	—	—	dB
	$F \leq F_0 - 3 \text{ MHz}$	—	-40	—	dB
Image frequency	—	—	-34	—	dB
Adjacent channel to image frequency	$F = F_{image} + 1 \text{ MHz}$	—	-43	—	dB
	$F = F_{image} - 1 \text{ MHz}$	—	-38	—	dB

<sup>1</sup> Refer to the value of Adjacent channel to image frequency when  $F = F_{image} - 1 \text{ MHz}$ .

# 5 Module Schematics

This is the reference design of the module.

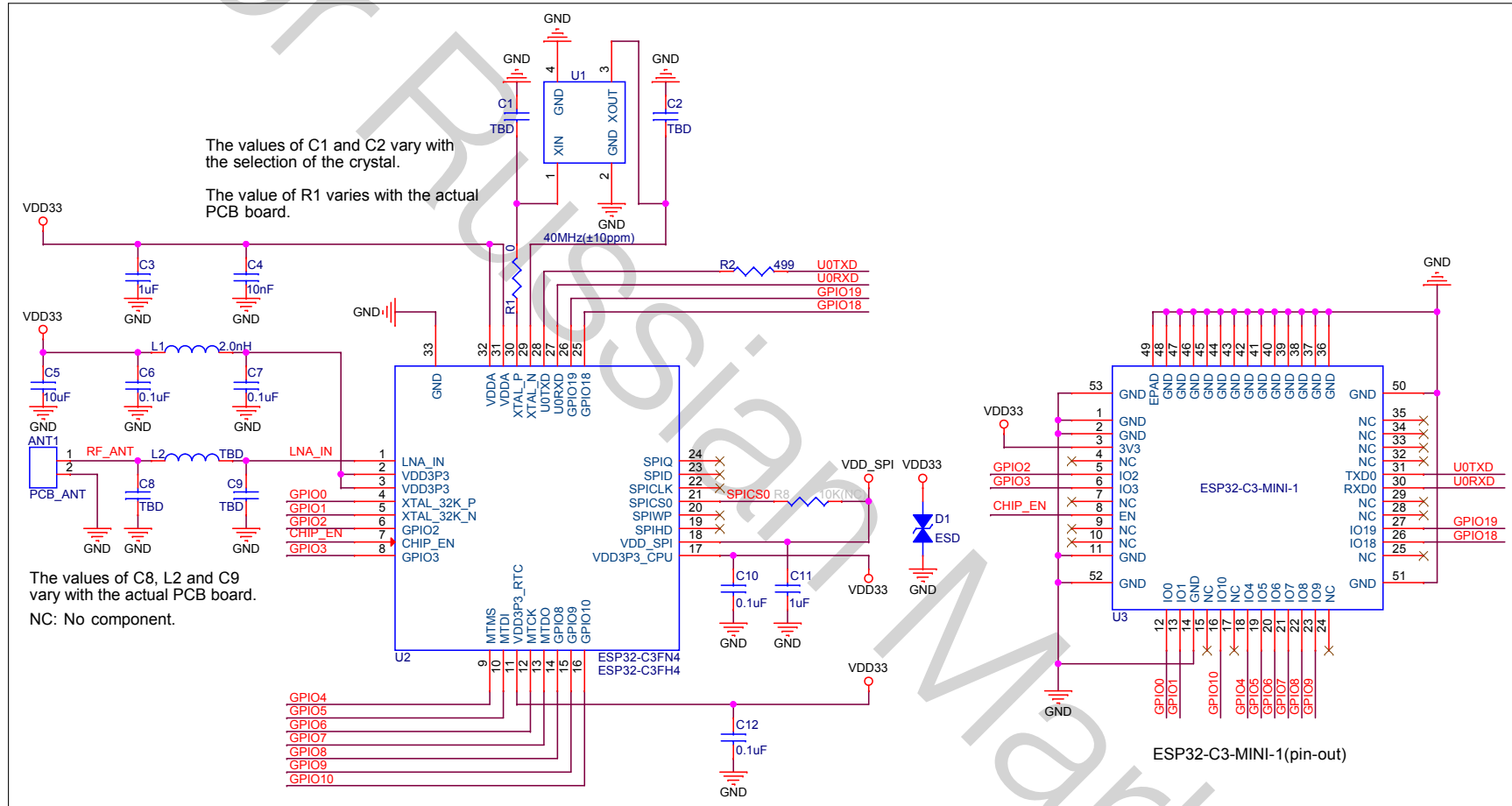


Figure 5: ESP32-C3-MINI-1 Schematics

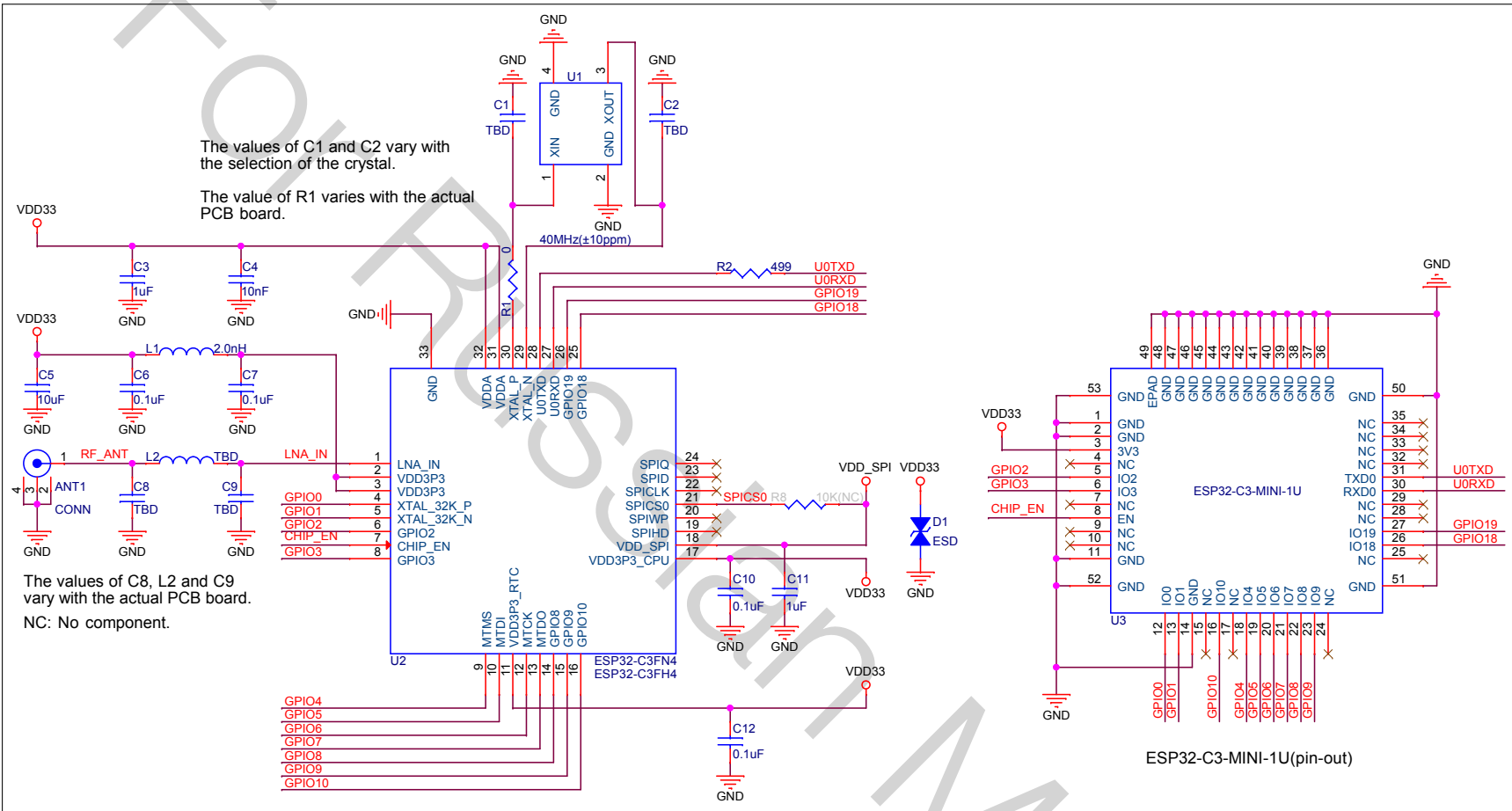


Figure 6: ESP32-C3-MINI-1U Schematics

## 6 Peripheral Schematics

This is the typical application circuit of the module connected with peripheral components (for example, power supply, antenna, reset button, JTAG interface, and UART interface).

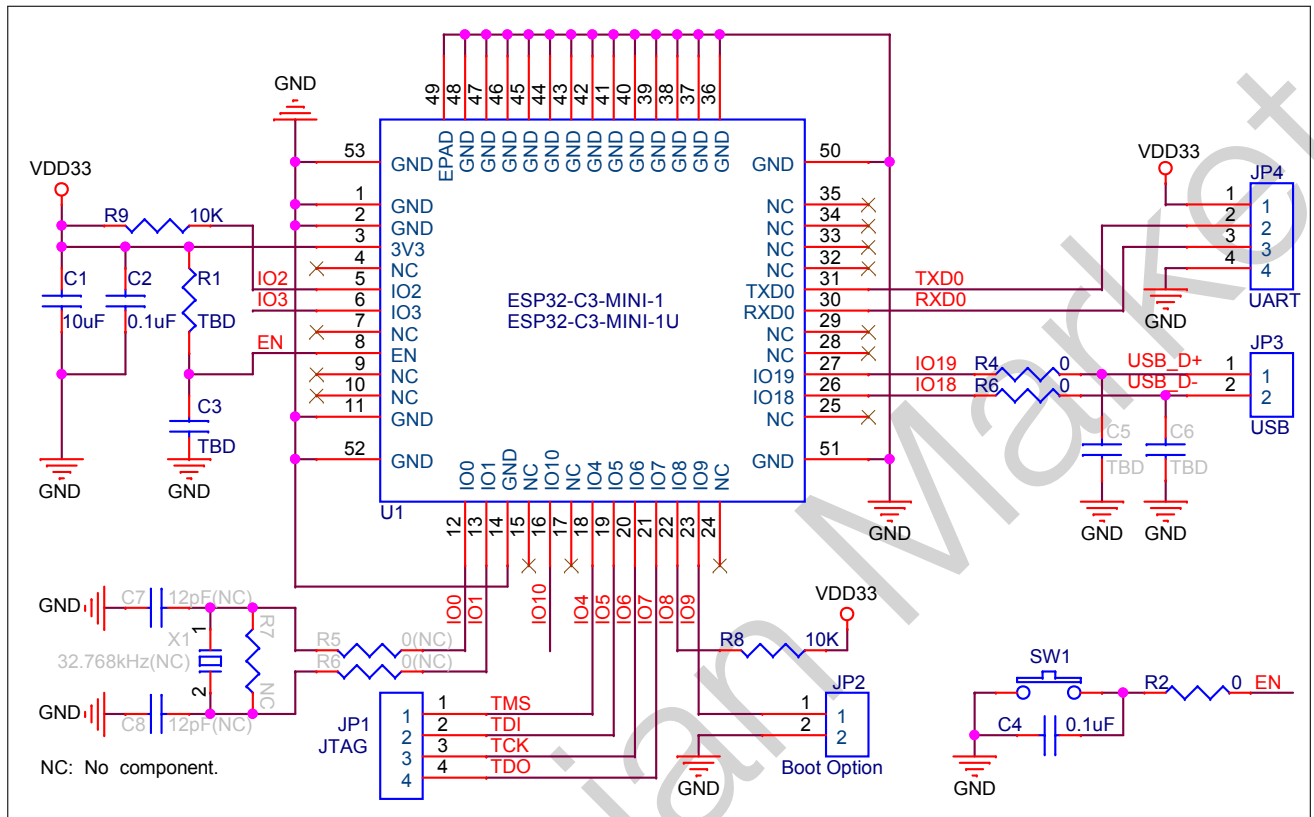


Figure 7: Peripheral Schematics

- Soldering the EPAD to the ground of the base board is not a must, however, it can optimize thermal performance. If you choose to solder it, please apply the correct amount of soldering paste.
- To ensure that the power supply to the ESP32-C3 chip is stable during power-up, it is advised to add an RC delay circuit at the EN pin. The recommended setting for the RC delay circuit is usually  $R = 10\text{ k}\Omega$  and  $C = 1\ \mu\text{F}$ . However, specific parameters should be adjusted based on the power-up timing of the module and the power-up and reset sequence timing of the chip. For ESP32-C3's power-up and reset sequence timing diagram, please refer to Section *Power Scheme* in [ESP32-C3 Series Datasheet](#).



## 7 Physical Dimensions and PCB Land Pattern

### 7.1 Physical Dimensions

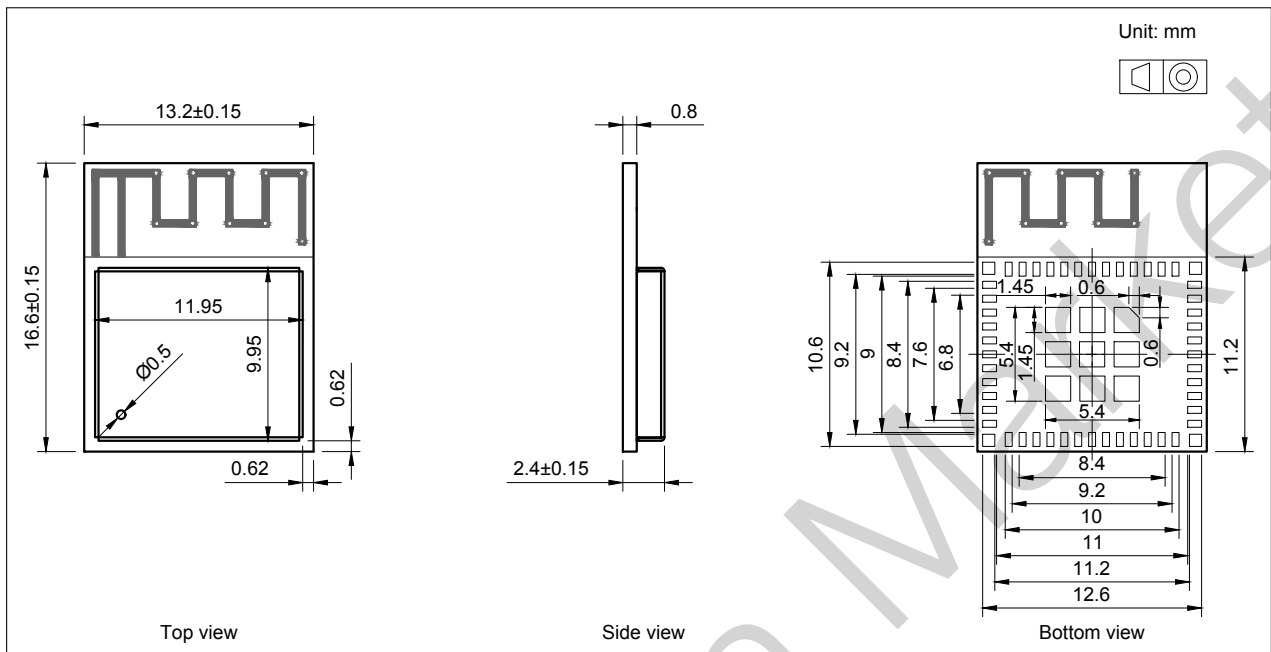


Figure 8: ESP32-C3-MINI-1 Physical Dimensions

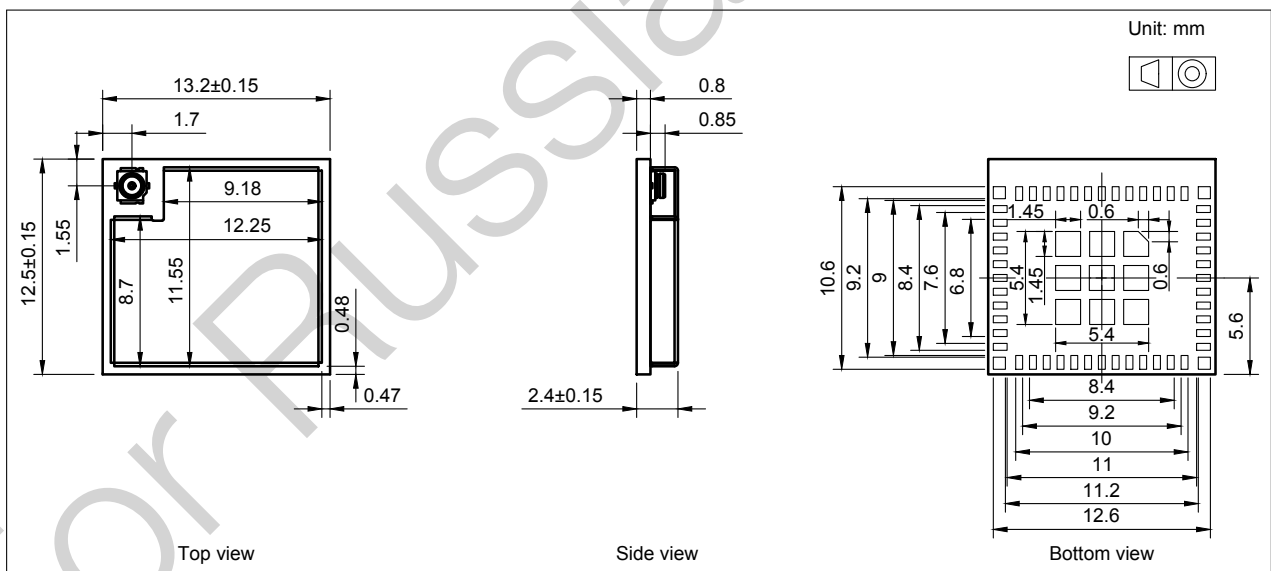


Figure 9: ESP32-C3-MINI-1U Physical Dimensions

**Note:**

For information about tape, reel, and product marking, please refer to [Espressif Module Package Information](#).

## 7.2 Recommended PCB Land Pattern

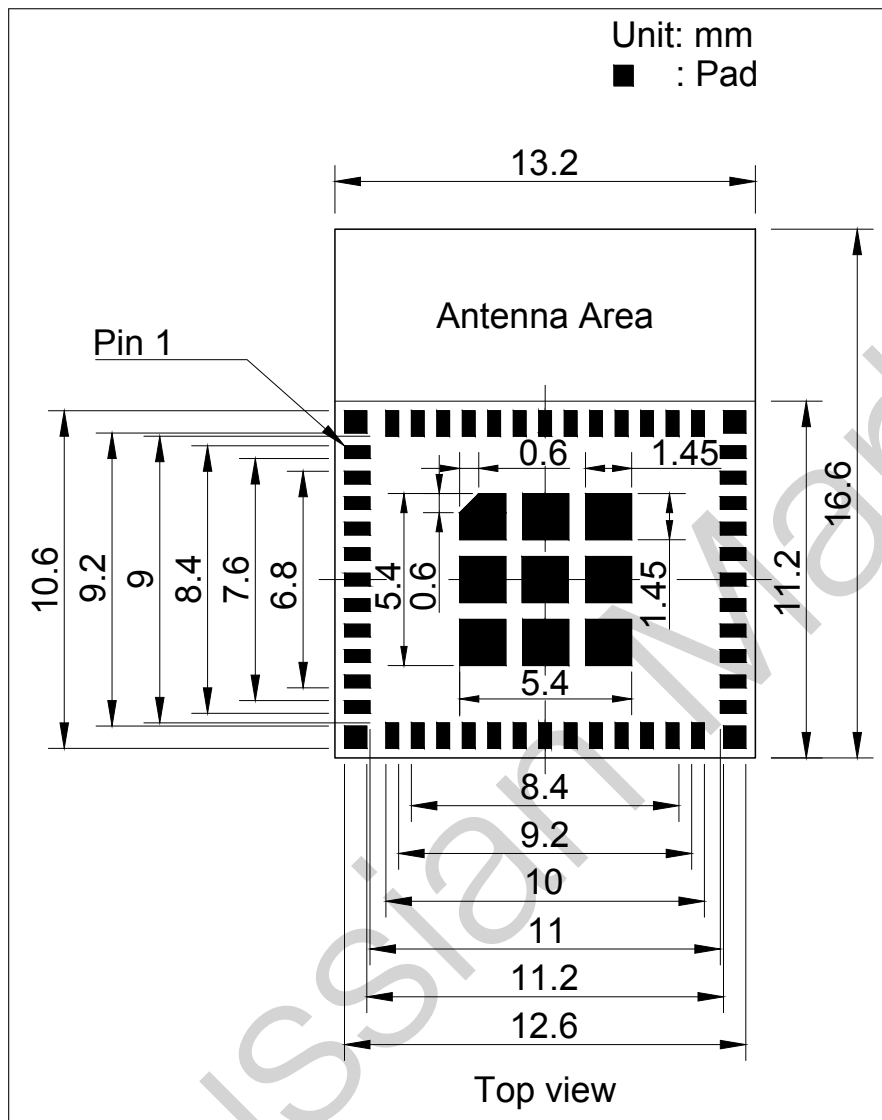


Figure 10: ESP32-C3-MINI-1 Recommended PCB Land Pattern

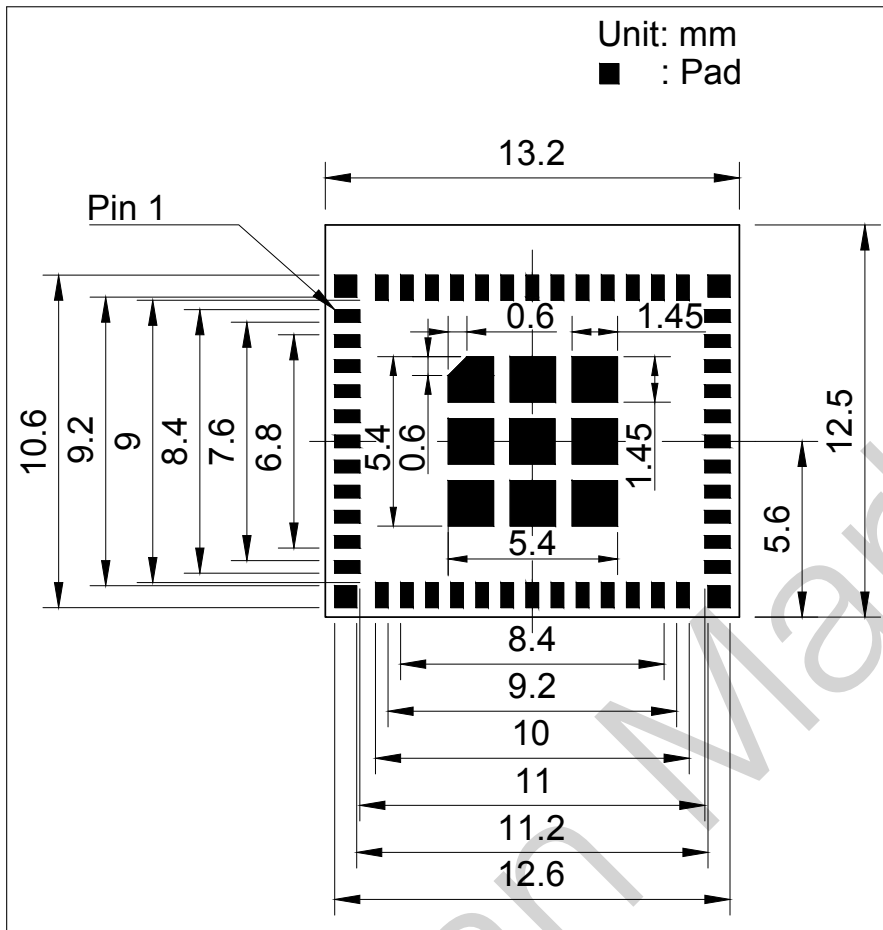


Figure 11: ESP32-C3-MINI-1U Recommended PCB Land Pattern

### 7.3 Dimensions of External Antenna Connector

ESP32-C3-MINI-1U uses the third generation external antenna connector as shown in Figure 12. This connector is compatible with the following connectors:

- W.FL Series connector from Hirose
- MHF III connector from I-PEX
- AMMC connector from Amphenol

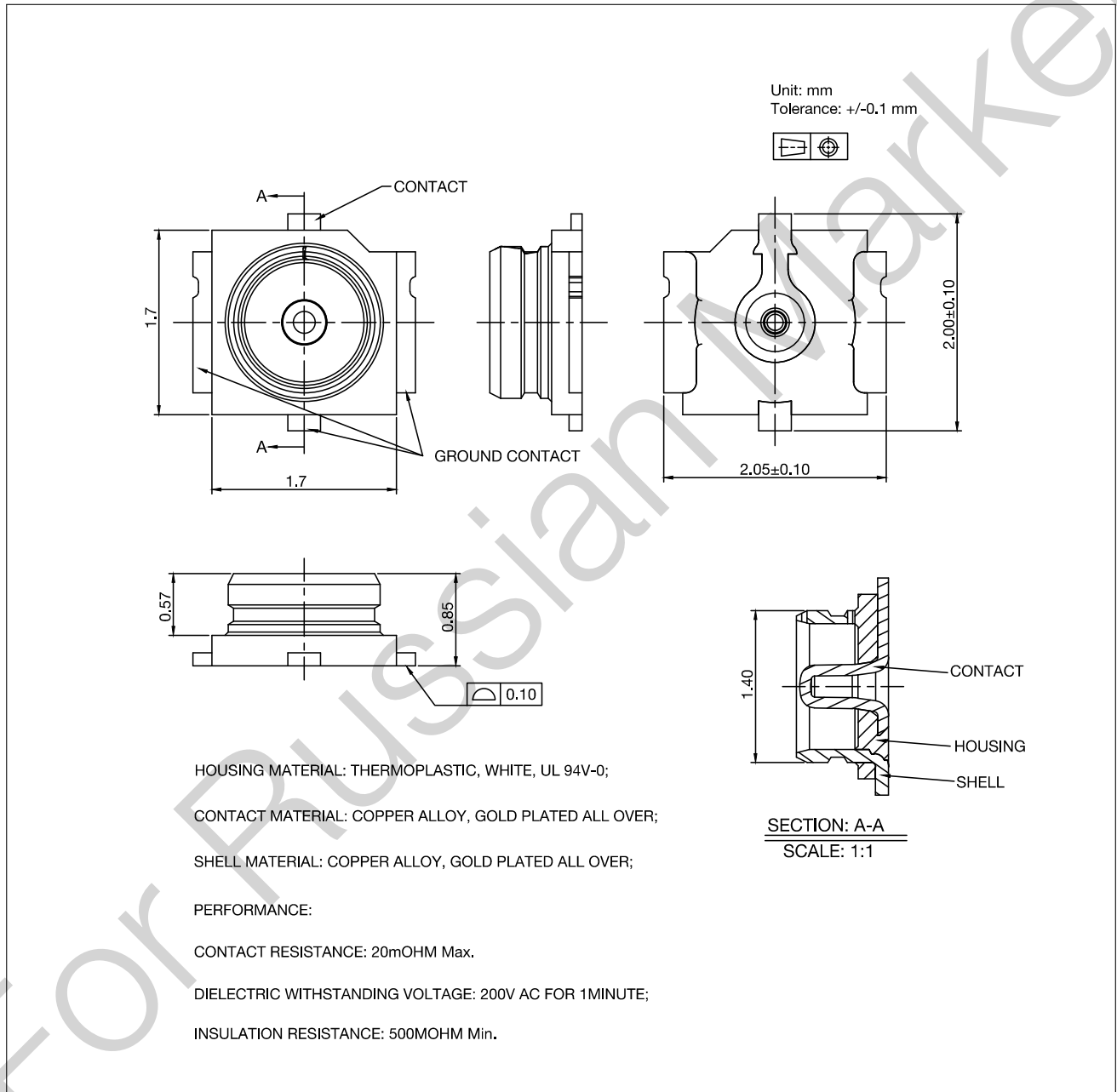


Figure 12: Dimensions of External Antenna Connector

## 8 Product Handling

### 8.1 Storage Conditions

The products sealed in moisture barrier bags (MBB) should be stored in a non-condensing atmospheric environment of  $< 40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  and  $/90\%\text{RH}$ . The module is rated at the moisture sensitivity level (MSL) of 3.

After unpacking, the module must be soldered within 168 hours with the factory conditions  $25\pm 5\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  and  $/60\%\text{RH}$ . If the above conditions are not met, the module needs to be baked.

### 8.2 Electrostatic Discharge (ESD)

- Human body model (HBM):  $\pm 2000\text{ V}$
- Charged-device model (CDM):  $\pm 500\text{ V}$

### 8.3 Reflow Profile

Solder the module in a single reflow.

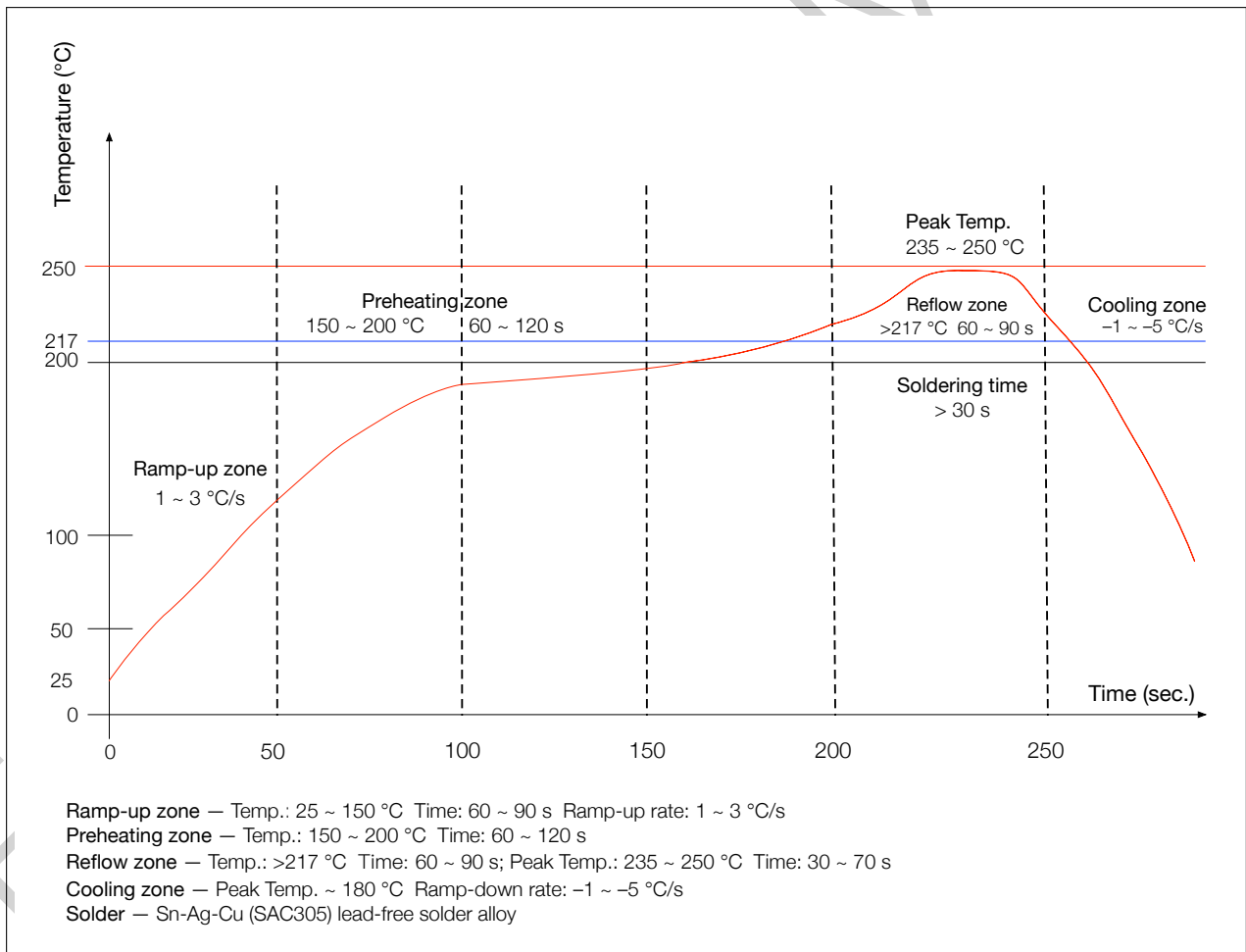


Figure 13: Reflow Profile

## 9 Related Documentation and Resources

### Related Documentation

- [ESP32-C3 Series Datasheet](#) – Specifications of the ESP32-C3 hardware.
- [ESP32-C3 Technical Reference Manual](#) – Detailed information on how to use the ESP32-C3 memory and peripherals.
- *Certificates*  
<http://espressif.com/en/support/documents/certificates>
- *Documentation Updates and Update Notification Subscription*  
<http://espressif.com/en/support/download/documents>

### Developer Zone

- [ESP-IDF Programming Guide for ESP32-C3](#) – Extensive documentation for the ESP-IDF development framework.
- *ESP-IDF* and other development frameworks on GitHub.  
<http://github.com/espressif>
- *ESP32 BBS Forum* – Engineer-to-Engineer (E2E) Community for Espressif products where you can post questions, share knowledge, explore ideas, and help solve problems with fellow engineers.  
<http://esp32.com/>
- *The ESP Journal* – Best Practices, Articles, and Notes from Espressif folks.  
<http://medium.com/the-esp-journal>
- See the tabs *SDKs and Demos, Apps, Tools, AT Firmware*.  
<http://espressif.com/en/support/download/sdks-demos>

### Products

- *ESP32-C3 Series SoCs* – Browse through all ESP32-C3 SoCs.  
<http://espressif.com/en/products/socs?id=ESP32-C3>
- *ESP32-C3 Series Modules* – Browse through all ESP32-C3-based modules.  
<http://espressif.com/en/products/modules?id=ESP32-C3>
- *ESP32-C3 Series DevKits* – Browse through all ESP32-C3-based devkits.  
<http://espressif.com/en/products/devkits?id=ESP32-C3>
- *ESP Product Selector* – Find an Espressif hardware product suitable for your needs by comparing or applying filters.  
<http://products.espressif.com/#/product-selector?language=en>

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## Revision History

Date	Version	Release notes
2022-05-16	v1.1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Added a note under Table 1 <i>Ordering Information</i></li> <li>• Updated Chapter 5 <i>Module Schematics</i></li> </ul>
2021-06-21	v1.0	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Updated module description on the title page</li> <li>• Deleted Section "About This Document"</li> <li>• Restructured Section 1.1 <i>Features</i></li> <li>• Added ordering code in Table 1 <i>Ordering Information</i></li> <li>• Added descriptions in Section 7.3 <i>Dimensions of External Antenna Connector</i></li> <li>• Updated Section "Learning Resources" and renamed to "Related Documentation and Resources"</li> <li>• Replaced "chip family" with "chip series" following Espressif's taxonomy</li> </ul>
2021-04-16	v0.7	Added information about ESP32-C3-MINI-1U module
2021-02-22	v0.6	Updated the value of C7 to 0.1 $\mu$ F in Chapter 5 <i>Module Schematics</i>
2021-02-05	v0.5	Preliminary release

Russian Market



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